

Ethics Training for Public Officials

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28 October 2013, Kuwait





 OECD, its work on anti-corruption and integrity and cooperation with the MENA economies

 Findings and recommendations of the OECD/ACN Study on Ethics Training for Public Officials



OECD: basic facts

Established in 1961; 34 members; annual budget EUR 347 million; governed by Council, Secretary General, Committees; Secretariat of 2 500 staff; 250 new publications per year



Headquarters in Paris, France

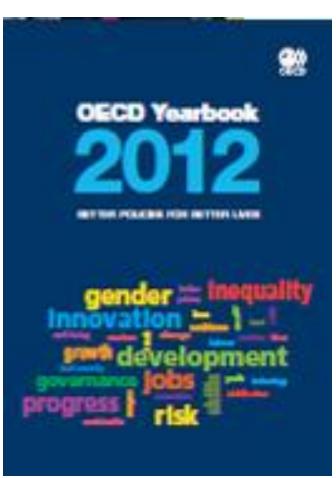


OECD: working methods

 Evidence based analysis to support policy making, intergovernmental policy dialogue and standard setting, peer reviews and pressure

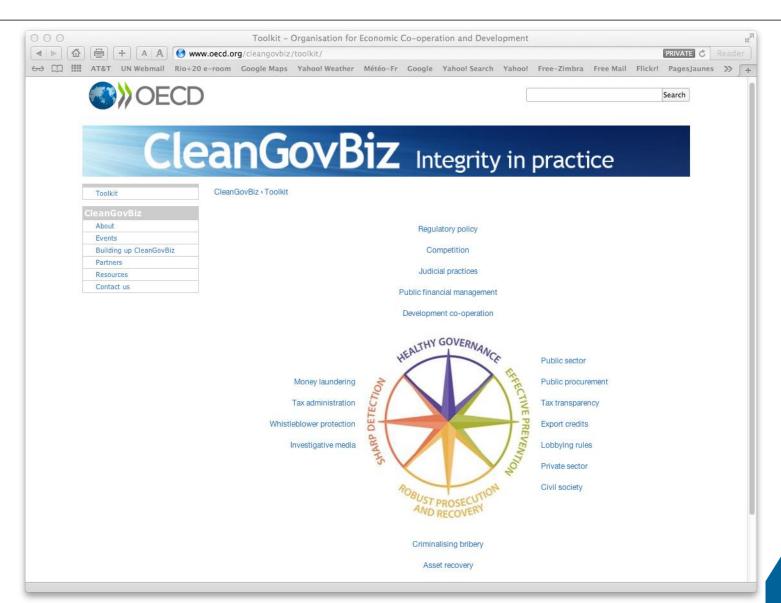
SECTORS

- Economics
- Financial and Enterprise Affairs
- Public governance
- Tax
- Social affairs
- Statistics
- Science and technology
- Trade and agriculture
- Energy
- Education
- Environment
- Development
- Transport





OECD work on corruption and governance



MENA-OECD Cooperation

- MENA-OECD initiative for governance and investment for development
- Governance pillar: integrity, open governance, financial management, regulatory reform
- Investment pillar: promoting investments, SME development, level playing field for business, integration of women
 - ➤ MENA Business Integrity Network: a regional forum for governments and private sector for policy dialogue, training, review and monitoring



Ethics Training for Public Officials

A study prepared by

the OECD Anti-Corruption Network for Eastern Europe and Central Asia (ACN)

and

SIGMA, a joint EU-OECD initiative, principally financed by the EU,

in co-operation with the OECD Public Sector Integrity Network

March 2013



Anti-Corruption Network for Eastern Europe and Central Asia



- > A regional programme of the OECD Working Group on Bribery
- ➢ Since 1998 for 25 countries in Eastern Europe and Central Asia + OECD members
- Secretariat at the OECD Anti-Corruption Division
- 2013-2015 Work Programme: country monitoring, thematic reviews, law-enforcement network
- > ACN Meeting, 23-25 September 2013, Paris



Ethics training for public officials in OECD and transition countries

 Expert seminar "Anti-Corruption Policy and Integrity Training", 23-25 March 2011, Vilnius, Lithuania:

➤ "new and more advanced approaches, which include tailor-made practical ethics training about rules and values, delivered systematically by dedicated ethics official, using interactive approaches" are needed



- Study how ethics training is provided in selected OECD and ACN/SIGMA countries
- Advisory group
- Questionnaire to countries
- Analysis of responses and identification of trends
- Development of recommendations
- Case studies on good practice
- Check-list for developing/improving ethics training systems



Policy Recommendations

- Policy and legal framework
- Institutional setting
- Preparation of ethics training programmes
- Substance of the ethics training programmes
- Training methods
- Follow-up to training programmes



 Ethics training as a part of a comprehensive anti-corruption and integrity policy/strategy

- Better programmes in countries with lower levels of corruption and stronger public administration
- Long-term investment, lack of resources/expertise
- Growing attention to training and its impact

 Tone from the top: role of managers/ministers/senior officials

- > leading by example
- > allocating resources
- enforcing anti-corruption and integrity norms among the staff

Legal requirement to provide and receive ethics training

- Mandatory or voluntary
- Strategy and policy documents may or may not be insufficient to provide strong official basis
- ➤ Balance between formal basis and formalistic attitude

Leading agency and coordination of ethics training

- > Anti-corruption/integrity agencies
- Civil service agencies and academics
- > HR departments in sectoral/local agencies
- > International programmes, private sector

Target groups

- Ideally all public officials
- To prioritise resource allocation and to design tailor-make training - special groups:
 - ✓ new civil servants
 - ✓ officials in risk areas,
 - √ senior managers
- ➤ Targeting the training for specific groups of public officials



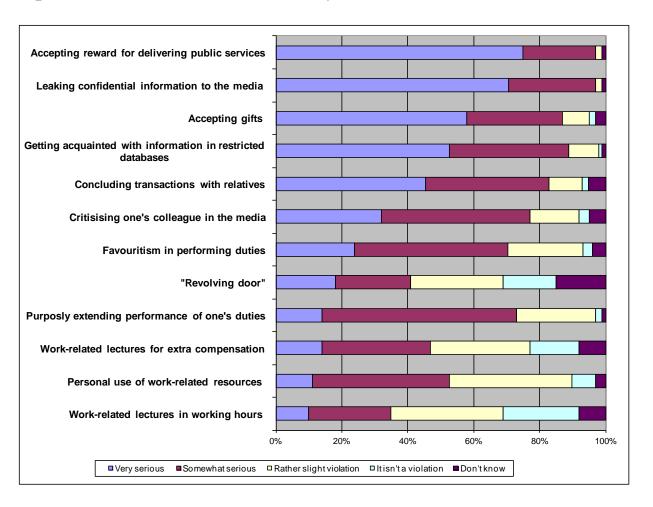
Designing the training programme

- Clarification of training objectives
- Needs assessment
- Selection of participants
- Selection of trainers
- Training materials
- Logistical preparations



Needs assessment: issues

Graph 1. Attitudes Towards Ethically Questionable Practices in Estonia

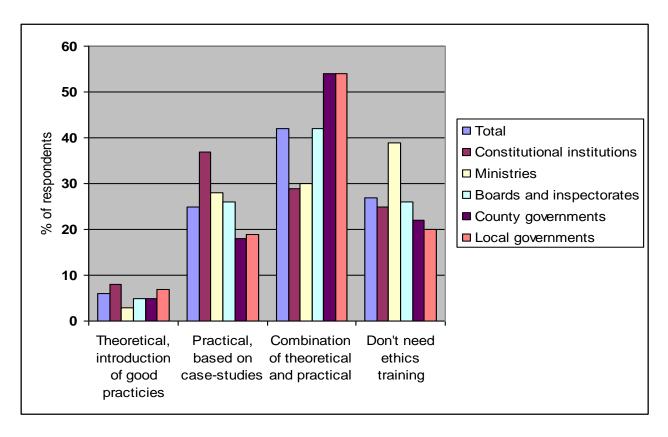


Source: Government Office, 2009 Survey "Roles and Attitudes in Public Service"



Needs assessment: training methods

Graph 2. Expected Approaches for Ethics Training Programmes



Source: Government Office, 2009 Survey "Roles and Attitudes in Public Service"



Making training practical

 To develop practical ethical decisionmaking skills among public officials:

> Contents: rules and values

➤ Training methods: lectures, games and practical case studies



Training about ethical rules

- Compliance based, i.e. training about ethics rules to ensure that public officials know the rules and sanctions for non-compliance established by laws such as:
 - Civil service legislation
 - Conflict of interest law
 - Anti-corruption legislation
 - Administrative code
 - Public procurement law
 - Laws on access to information
 - Criminal code
- Formal/traditional method can be appropriate, including lectures and presentations, but modern interactive methods are more effective

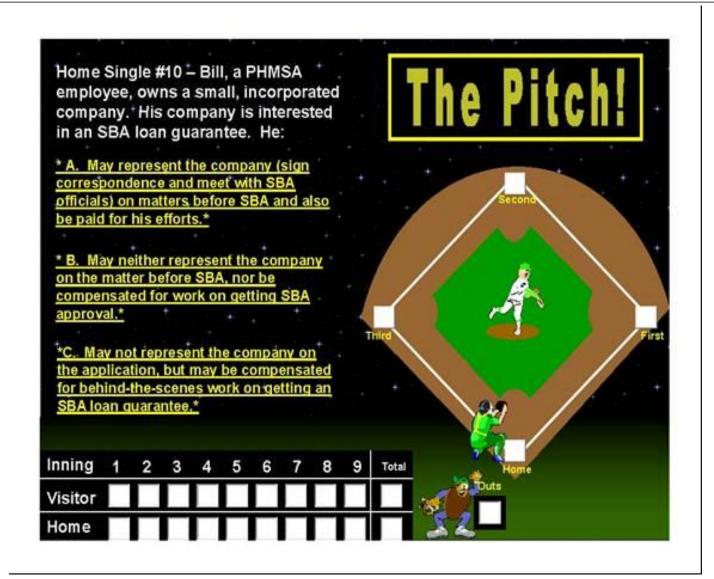


Ethics training course at Austrian Police

Module	Title	Content	Duration (teaching units)
1	Team building	Round of introductions; participants get to know each other	4
2	Psychology	Psychological aspects of corruption, integrity, leadership behaviour and managerial responsibility	12
3	Ethics	Administrative ethics, codes of conduct, and ethical guidelines	4
4	Criminal law	Abuse of authority, corruption offences in the public and the private sector	12
5	Public service law	Provisions of public service law concerning conflicts of interest, rights and obligations of employees and superiors	12
6	Corruption and corruption prevention	Background information on corruption phenomena, risk factors regarding corruption, and preventive measures	12
7	Fight against corruption	Presentation of national and international anti-corruption organisations and instruments	8
8	Criminological aspects of the fight against corruption	Investigation measures and techniques applied in the questioning of witnesses	8



US Office of Government Ethics: Baseball game





Training about ethical values

- Values based, training to develop practical decision-making skills and behavior patterns based on values established for public administration, including
 - Impartiality
 - Responsibility
 - Transparency
 - Legality
 - Integrity
 - Efficiency
 - Equality
 - Justice
 - 'grey areas' or un-regulated issues
- Pro-active, tailor-made, dilemma-based role-play training is most appropriate method



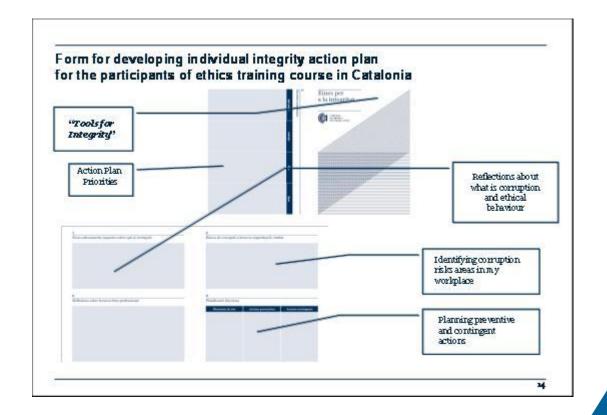
Case study for ethics training in Turkey

- Mr. Suleyman, a newly appointed commissioner at the central police station in Ankara, has to develop an action plan for modernisation
- A district police station has little resources and enjoys help from local shops and hotels, and serves well their clients
- An old couple of local residents is waiting in the hall for many hours



Evaluation and follow-up

- Evaluation of impact little experience
- Follow-up for participants (e.g. Catalonia)





THANK YOU

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